THE MOUNTAINEER.

"DO WHAT IS RIGHT, LET THE CONSEQUENCE FOLLOW!"

SUPPLEMENT 1. GREAT SALT LAKE CITY, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1860. GRATIS.

Original Poetry.

WHEN SHOULD WE WEEP?

BY R. R. S.

Why should we weep although the bud
Of life should droop and die?
The pure, sweet germ in spotlessness
Ascends to courts on high.
Why should we mourn when youthful dust
Is sleeping in the tomb;
Whose spirit rises with the just,
To an immortal bloom?
Why sorrow if bold manhood's term
By death's cold hand expire?
Death holds the portal key that turns
To lift existence higher.

And wherefore grieve when hoary age
Lays off mortality;
Ascending life's far brighter stage,
In broad eternity?
But when the faintest shade of crime
Shrouds loveliness, and when
A blight comes over innocence,
There's *cause for weeping then!*

G. S. L. City, July, 1860.

Selected Poetry.

THREE GRAINS OF CORN.

[AS SUNG BY MRS. H.]

Give me three grains of corn, mother;
Only three grains of corn;
'T will keep the little life I have
Till the coming of the morn.
I am dying of hunger and cold, mother;
Dying of hunger and cold;
And half the agonies of such a death.
My lips have never told.

It has gnawed like a wolf at my heart, mother;
A wolf that is fierce for blood:
All the live long day and the night besides.
Gnawing for the lack of food.
I dreamed of bread in my sleep, mother,
And the sight was heaven to see:
I awoke with an eager and famishing lip,
But you had no bread for me.

Oh, how could I look to you, mother?
How could I look to you,
For bread to give your starving child,
When you were starving too?
For I saw the famine on your cheek,
And in your eyes so wild;
And I felt it in your bony hand,
When you laid it on your child.

The queen has lands and gold, mother,
The queen has lands and gold,
While you are forced to your empty breast
A skeleton babe to hold;
A babe that is dying from want, mother,
As I am dying now;
With a ghastly look in its sinking eye,
And famine on its brow.

What has poor Ireland done, mother?
What has poor Ireland done,
That the world looks on and sees us starve,
Perishing one by one?
Do the men of England care, mother,
The great men and the high,
For the suffering sons of poor Erin's isle,
Whether they live or die?

Come nearer to my side, mother,
Come nearer to my side,
And hold me fondly as you held
My father when he died.
Quick, for I cannot see you, mother;
My breath is almost gone;
Mother, dear mother, ere I die,
Give me three grains of corn.

THE
MOUNTAINEER.

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY:

SATURDAY, SEPT. 1, 1860.

"GIVE ME THREE GRAINS OF CORN, MOTHER!"

On two sides of any picture it is presumed that a man of ordinarily common sense would invariably or as a general thing choose the brighter. Such has ever been our inclination, although we claim no pre-emptive right to common sense or extraordinarily good judgment. The good bright beaming side of the picture of life and of the world at large has ever been our delight. It is always pleasing to hear of the great deeds and good acts of our fellowmen, whether they were Europeans, Americans, Hindoos, or even Irish. We loved not to hear of bloodshed. But we clapped our hands in holy triumph as every chain was burst from the wrists or ankles of a human being.

In Utah we have no superstitious dread of slavery, nor of the "horrible hounds of war" with which she has so long been threatened. But there may be a still fiercer foe in wait for her, if she is off her guard.

The time is yet keenly within our memory when a pound of flour in Utah was appreciated and its value more than paid. The time, too, is not far [illegible] when while we were in other countries we heard of famine at home, and that children cried for bread and looked at empty cupboards. The time, too, we remember when the pastors of the people had exhorted them in good time to take care of their grain and protect themselves against these very [illegible]. With few exceptions the advice was passed unheeded. The [illegible] were [illegible]. The [illegible] of their [illegible] pine-trees, and the [illegible] slept on the supper cooked from his last pound of flour.

We have no disposition now to present gloom and dark forebodings to our readers. But we are apprehensive that there is a carelessness in the providings for the future among our citizens, which is portentous of hard times. In a territory like Utah, so far away and snow-bound, every man should have a granary, and take care to have that granary well filled.

The story of 1847, from which the materials of the song we publish were taken, ought to be a lesson to all. It is not the essence of fiction but facts through the whole. Depending upon yearly supplies, the poor denizens of Ireland found themselves, by the failure of one crop, starvelings. Year after year the faithful soil furnished them, with but little labor, their staff of life. They cared not to look ahead; and the result was the death by famine of nearly three millions of the people. Their crops failed, and in vain did the little ones cry to their mothers for "three grains of corn."

How often have we been exhorted from the pulpit, and the press to secure and preserve our grain. Are those exhortations to be entirely unheeded? We look around as we pass through our settlements, and where do we find the granaries that ought to be the distinguishing marks of a frugal people? They are but one among a thousand.

The immense emigration to Pike's Peak calls for a large amount of breadstuffs from our fields. We would not demand of our fellow-citizens to withhold their supplies. We would simply ask them to provide for their own households, or inform them if they do not that they "are worse than infidels."

Every head of a family ought to have a granary of his own, and in that he should be careful to have deposited not less than two years' supply. The bishops, who are looked up to as fathers of the people, should urge it, and make it, in preference of other less important items, the subject of their teachings.

Much might we say upon these matters. But they are talked of daily, and in public. We have travelled over the graves of millions who fell by the grasping paw of famine. We have wandered through the deserted fields and empty cabins of the victims of the horrible tyrant. We have heard the little ones cry for bread, and seen the skeleton mother fainting from the effects of her babe's requirements; and hence we urge upon our friends that they hoard up and preserve their grain.

Let not a few rags induce them to give up their "staff of life." Calicoes will yet be like dust on the desert; and cassimeres and broadcloths will be like the wild sunflowers in our borders. But wheat and flour will be more precious than the gold of the Nevada; and the richest of the rich will beg for bread.

Observe the lesson of the oft repeated text, "PRESERVE YOUR GRAIN."

TO OUR FRIENDS.—We anticipated by our arrangements last spring that, before the commencement of our second volume we would have been prepared with materials to continue our labors without interruption. A delay of the train, in which our paper is being conveyed, has compelled us to ask the pardon of our friends for a short delay in the commencement of our second volume; as much regretted as it was unintended. No pains have been spared to hurry on our supplies, and we are now straining every nerve to hurry them on. We have no dubiety in anticipating at least as good a subscription list as our first volume presented. We have had but six who, through pecuniary embarrassments, decline a further subscription; but, in their stead we have had scores of new subscribers. Our friends who feel rich and well will aid us. From our *very poor* friends we ask no pay.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—With much pleasure we call the attention of our friends to the new advertisements which are found in our supplement. We would not individualize. The well-known character of the parties, to whose names and houses we refer, is so well established that no more can be required of us but to say—call and see them. They are of and among ourselves, and their interests intertwined with our own. Towards them therefore we invite patronage.

Local News.

ARRIVALS.—We take pleasure in announcing that Judge Flennikin, Secretary Wootton, and Marshal Grice, arrived safely in this city on Monday, after a very pleasant trip across the plains.

KILLING A GRIZZLY.—During the early days of the week, a very large grizzly bear was seen prowling around the southern part of the city, making incursions at will and pleasure into the best fields and gardens to satiate his appetite. Four of our citizens got on his track on Thursday afternoon near Jacob Weiler's field, to the right of the State road. Getting sight of his pursuers the denizen of the mountains attempted to escape, but a well directed ball from a revolver brought him to a halt and to a realizing sense of danger. He turned upon his pursuer, Mr. H. Spencer, who coolly awaited his approach, and at the moment of bruin's arrival within a foot of his horse another ball from the same revolver sent him sprawling in the dust. He was on exhibition at Mr. Jennings' yesterday morning, where he attracted considerable attention. He weighed about three hundred pounds and evidently had enjoyed good living during summer. Another of the same tribe was reported about the same neighborhood, but a hunt yesterday morning failed to discover his whereabouts.

ARRIVAL OF EMIGRANTS—The first hand-cart company from the States this season arrived in the city on Monday afternoon. There were two hundred and thirty persons in the company: thirty-nine hand-carts, accompanied by six waggons for the transportation of the heavy luggage and the general allowance of provisions. A large number of the citizens went out to meet them as they descended the bench and proceeded to the camp ground. Capt. Ballo's brass band enlivened the scene by the performance of choice pieces of music. One death only reported—a child of two years of age. Two waggons of Capt. Franklin Brown's company came into the city very late on Tuesday evening. The greater portion of his company struck off for Ogden and other settlements when they arrived at the Weber. On Thursday at noon, Capt. Jesse Murphy's company arrived at the camping ground. The emigrants looked well, the cattle were in good condition, no sickness or deaths reported, two births, one of them shortly before they came into the city. In a few hours after the arrival of the company, nearly one half of the emigrants were dispersed in various directions among their friends. By this time there are few waggons and hand-carts left on the camping ground.

ATTEMPTED ROBBERY.—On the night of Thursday, August 23rd, the men engaged in herding Messrs. Miller & Russell's stock, on Provo bottoms, between Provo and Pleasant Grove, were attacked by a band of ruffians. Firing was freely indulged in by both parties, and during the melee, an attempt was made to run off the herd; the attempt proving ineffectual, and the herdsmen pressing too hard upon the aggressors, caused a retreat. Two horses belonging to the thieves were seen dashing away without riders from the scene of conflict. It is supposed that some of the ruffians were wounded, if not killed, as the herdsmen were well armed and fought coolly.

BOY KILLED WHILE STEALING.—At Provo City, on Monday, August 20th, acting coroner Edson Whipple held an inquest on the body of Levi S. York, aged 15 years, who was found dead in the garden of Mr. E. Watts. The jury, after hearing the evidence, returned a verdict to the effect that deceased was killed by Edwin Watts, on the night of August 19th. On Wednesday, the 22nd, Mr. Edwin Watts, of Provo, was arraigned before the Hon. Silas Smith, probate judge for Utah co., charged with having killed Levi S. York. The facts in the case, as brought forth in testimony, appear to be as follows:—Edwin Watts owns a garden in Provo. His principal support is the product of this garden, as he cannot labor like other men in consequence of having but one arm. Some of the badly disposed boys have been in the habit of stealing his plums, currants and other fruit; and wishing to make an example of the delinquents, he was watching on the night of Sunday, the 19th ult., when, about 10 o'clock, he saw some persons leap over his fence into his garden. He had a gun loaded with duck shot with him, and, aiming low, with the intention of shooting their legs, he discharged the contents in the direction of the intruders. He saw two persons emerge from the gloom and run away. He immediately went to a neighbors, and, in speaking of the matter, said he could rest for that night, as he believed he had effectually scared the boys from his garden for the time being. He went to his garden early the following morning to see if the boys had left a hat or sack, or anything else through which he might discover who the culprits were. On reaching his melon patch, he was horror stricken to find the boy York lying dead, face downwards. Mr. Watts went to the nearest neighbors and told them that Levi York was lying dead in his garden, and he believed that he had shot the boy on the previous night. The poor man was very much distressed. It came out in evidence that deceased and his brother were visited, after they had retired to bed, by two boys from South Willow Creek, named Jacob Williams and Jacob Terry, who invited them to go on a melon stealing expedition. The deceased was prevailed upon to go, but his brother resisted the temptation. The result has been stated. It is supposed the boy York was groping for the melons when he met with his untimely death. Judge Smith, after hearing the case, decided that Edwin Watts enter bonds of two thousand dollars to appear and answer to the charge at the next term of the Probate Court, the second Monday in September next. Bail was given, and the prisoner was released.

ENGAGEMENT WITH INDIANS.

BUTTE STATION, Aug. 14, 1860.

ED. MOUNTAINEER:

DEAR SIR:—Since the commencement of Indian difficulties on this road, there have been so many rumors afloat, and reports of express riders, etc., etc., having been shot at, some of which have proved false, that I have not considered the stories of that kind which have reached my ears lately, worthy of notice.

A couple of weeks since, the express riders from Ruby to Deep Creek said they were shot at in Antelope Kanyon. The early part of last week's news came to Ruby that some emigrants were attacked in the same kanyon. Both these reports were discredited, until the emigrant train in question arrived at Ruby, when one of the men who had his horse shot from under him by the Indians went to see Lieut. Perkins. Arrangements were immediately made for sending troops in that direction. Lieut. Perkins being very ill with mountain fever, Lieut. Weed took command, and left Ruby with twenty-six men on the morning of the 11th inst. When within eight miles of Egan Kanyon, the express from the west overtook them; but the rider, on getting in sight of the station, found it surrounded with Indians, and the door closed. He accordingly rode back to inform Lieut. W., who, though very unwell himself, immediately made arrangements to relieve the station. He took what mounted men he had—eighteen, leaving the balance with the wagons, and hastened on. On arriving in the valley, they all scattered out, and by this means deceived the hostile natives into the belief that they were more of their own band come to assist them. So soon, however, as they discovered their error, they prepared to retreat. Lieut. W.'s intention was to endeavor to get part of his men between the Indians and the kanyon, so as to prevent their retreat; but in some way his orders were misunderstood, and Corporal Mitchell made a charge on them with a few men, succeeding in getting on the other side of some of the Indians. But it seems the sudden onset had scattered them to such an extent that it was impossible with the few men Lt. W. had, to surround them, and Mr. M. received a bullet in his thigh during the charge.

The Indians fired the first shot, mortally wounding private Cowley, who died at Ruby yesterday morning. Private Hertsog was shot through the neck. His wound is very dangerous, if not mortal. They also had two horses shot.

The particulars I had from Corporal Mitchell. He says there must have been upwards of 150 Indians—about 75 armed with good rifles. Peteetneet is at Ruby. He and Shocub think there must have been Bannacks there. Those armed with rifles stood fire well for about twenty minutes. Indeed, so long as it was, a stand off fight, Mr. M. said they did not seem disposed to give ground, but whenever the soldiers charged on them they fled to the rocks. Mr. M. thinks there were about fourteen Indians killed, and as many wounded. There were a number of the natives unarmed who did nothing but run in and out of the melee and carry off the dead and wounded. Five, however, were killed so near the station, they could not take them away.

It proved a more serious affair than I think all the Go-shutes in these mountains are able to make it; and those engaged found it to be anything but *fun* to fight well-armed Indians, when ensconced behind rocks and trees. They would get behind rocks, or on top of them, where they considered themselves out of reach, and whoop and yell like fiends, daring the troops to follow them and fight. One of them, while thus engaged, was fetched down by a Sharp's rifle in the hands of one of the station men, at an almost incredible distance.

It seems Lieut. W. arrived just in time to save the station and men. There were only two men at the station, and four emigrants going to California? But the latter were poorly armed. The Indians had already got all their provision out of the house when Lt. W. made his appearance, and they would undoubtedly, but for this timely assistance, have destroyed both men and station.

The express went on the morning after the fight with an escort of soldiers That from Salt Lake has not arrived, though due yesterday morning early. We are apprehensive on its account.

W.

Communications.

"INDIAN DIFFICULTIES."

C. AND S. L. M. LINE, Aug. 20, 1860.

EDITOR MOUNTAINEER:

SIR:—Glaring misrepresentations or vile calumnies are often best answered by silent contempt. But when a whole people is charged with crimes the most unnatural and unreasonable—though the slander and the utterer may, in themselves, be unworthy of notice—a brief refutation may not be out of place.

Your issue of the 11th inst. contains an extract from the N. Y. *Tribune* of July 14th, in which Col. Smith, the commanding officer in Camp Floyd, is represented as having implicated the "Mormons" in the recent Indian outrages, north and west, and conveyed the idea to the government at Washington that they are in secret alliance. Whether Col. S. has made any such statement, is for himself to decide. One thing is certain, he, as well as every other sane man in the Territory, knows it to be a falsehood—a base, uncalled-for, unexcusable *lie*, told for the purpose of injuring thousands of innocent men, women and children. It is in reality too absurd to merit notice, and carries its own refutation on its face; but having been on this road the last two years, and in the midst of all these "Indian difficulties," I have a few words to say.

This mail line, although in the hands of gentlemen not connected with the Mormon church, is a public institution, and calculated to benefit the inhabitants of Utah as much, if not more than those of any other portion of the Union. They (the Mormons) can therefore have no motive for wishing to see it broken up, much less, for aiding to do it. The majority of the employees on this end of the line, are Mormons, or of Mormon parentage, and have mothers and fathers, brothers and sisters, wives and children in Salt Lake City or vicinity. The hostility of the Indians has been directed principally against [illegible]. But two emigrant trains have been attacked, and they only had two horses killed. *Not a single emigrant has been injured on this road from S. L. City to Roberts' Creek*, and but one or two beyond that point; while all those killed north this season were Mormons. Is it reasonable to suppose that citizens inhabiting the settlements would instigate the natives, or put arms in their hands, to murder their sons, husbands and fathers who may be a few miles west of them? Yet this is the unnatural course which Col. S., or some one in his name, charges them with. But if Col. S. really entertained such a preposterous belief, how will he evade the charge of complicity in these transactions, or justify himself in supplying arms and ammunition, which he felt sure were only to be used against emigrants? He promptly responded to the call for arms, and rightfully too. But can any one for a moment suppose he would have done so had he not been satisfied that they would be used in defense of the lives of American citizens. It is to be hoped that some one has used the name of Col. S. unauthorisedly, and that the latter will clear himself from the stigma of so mean and unmanly a course by a prompt and public denial of the *Tribune's* statement.

As to the "1000 men on active duty," no doubt Lieut. Perkins and Weed would be very glad of a few of them to reinforce their command, for they have only had about 60 men to keep the mail route open from Camp Floyd to Carson Valley. They have, nevertheless, done all in their power to protect the road, its travellers and employees.

Emigrants have always experienced the kindest treatment on this road, though the conduct of a few of them has merited the severest condemnation. Lieuts. Perkins and Weed, with the officers and men of their command, have, I believe, everywhere along the road met with the most courteous reception also—not because they were U. S. officials, but because they conducted themselves as gentlemen, and not as too many have done heretofore, who have borne commissions from our venerable Uncle. It is but justice to say that these officers have maintained the most admirable discipline among their men, and that the whole command has evinced the most order, decorum and regard for the rights of citizens, of any detachment that has visited any portion of the Territory. Should there be any occasion for speaking otherwise of the officers and men of this command—which, however, I trust there will not be—I shall not hesitate to utter my sentiments.

Lt. Weed passed Butte Station on the 19th, on his way to Ruby to obtain fresh supplies of provisions, &c. He took West, the man who was wounded at Schell Creek, to Ruby, to be placed under the care of the gentlemanly and obliging Dr. Brewer, U.S.A., who gives every attention in his power to the sick and wounded, whether citizens, emigrants or soldiers.

The head men among the Sho-sho-nees here inform me that a great portion of the Indians in the recent fight at Egan Kanyon were Pauvantes. They are well armed, have plenty of ammunition, and are likely to prove troublesome enemies, unless peace can be made with them soon. Lt. Weed informs me there could not have been less than 200 Indians at the time of the skirmish he had with them, about 70 of whom were armed with rifles.

Very respectfully,
W. H. SHEARMAN.

Home News.

THE eastern mail arrived last Saturday evening, bringing eastern dates to August 4th, and frontier dates to the 6th.

THE GREAT EASTERN.—The expected excursion of this "monster of the deep," to Cape May has taken place. She started on the trip to the Cape on July 30th, with 2,087 passengers, and returned on the 1st of August. Notwithstanding the shortness of the voyage, considerable dissatisfaction prevailed among the passengers in consequence of the scarcity of water. This was caused by a tap of a compartment having been left open, flooding the ice-house and store-rooms. A considerable quantity of produce and provisions were injured by this disaster, and food consequently became scarce. At night about five hundred persons slept on the deck, which was rendered very unpleasant by a thick rain of cinders. The accommodations were very meagre. Not more than one hundred women were on board. On the voyage, water was sold at ten cents a glass An indignation meeting was held on board, and resolutions were passed censuring the Directors for the singular conduct of the officers toward the passengers. It had been announced that the Great Eastern would be re-opened for exhibition on the 13th, 14th and 15th of August.

TORNADO AND DROUTH.—A destructive tornado passed over Marysville, Kansas, July 20, demolishing everything in its way. Three dwellings, two business houses, platforms, and printing offices, were blown to pieces, and the post office was turned around and set into the street. Every building in the place was more or less injured. No lives reported lost. A correspondent in writing to the *Tribune* under recent date, says:—"For the last four or five months we have not had rain enough to hardly wet the ground. The consequence is, there will be no crops of any kind in Southern Kansas. Our corn is nearly or quite dead; our grass for hay is entirely out of the question, *for there is none*—the hot sun has entirely destroyed it. What the people are going to do for something to eat, God only knows. Our neighbors can be seen in conversation about what we are going to do. Now, Mr. Greeley, look at us, for it is you I am talking to, and you [illegible] how [illegible] with all the [illegible] of grain and our rich [illegible] the hopes of all the [illegible] now. Hark! hear me tell God's truth. As I write in my house, the wind flaps over me; the sun heats it so, that the wind almost *burns* me; my wife is now roasting eggs on the stone steps in front of my house; the stove and tin boiler are too hot to bear my hands on them, standing in the house where the sun cannot touch them—they are hot by the wind blowing on them through the open door. Why, every flap of the wind is like the heat of fire from a burning building. * * * * Many of us live on milk and Indian bread—the latter almost gone—the former will soon dry up for want of grass. I am now 40 years old; was born in the State of New York; have been in Linn County, K. T., three years, and never in all my life did I see such a hopeless time. Raised in the Empire State—in the land of plenty—then to have such a poor prospect before me, is really discouraging."

FIVE PERSONS DROWNED.—Five persons, Mrs. J. J. B. Prinean and child, Mrs. J. J. M. Prinean, Mrs. Beausolied and Miss Louisa Bedand went over the Black River Falls at Watertown, N. Y., in a boat, on July 28th, and all were drowned.

SERIOUS DISTURBANCE IN VIRGINIA.—Great excitement exists at Occaquan, Va., near Alexandria, in consequence of the Republicans raising a banner with the names of Lincoln and Hamlin. The citizens have attempted to demolish it. The Republicans resisted, and dispatched messengers to the neighboring towns for arms and ammunition. Gov. Letcher ordered Gen. Hattan to call out his troops to protect the Republicans, but the General preferred resigning his command. At last accounts it was expected the military at Alexandria would be called out. Occaquan contains three hundred Republicans, and was the residence of Mr. Underwood, the ostracized republican. Later accounts state that Gov. Letcher has compelled Gen. Hattan to order one company of militia to preserve the public peace. It is believed, however, that Hattan's sympathies are with the mob, and it is doubtful whether the troops would fire on the mob, or the republicans. Some officers of the Alexandria Militia had left Washington with the expectation that their commands would be ordered to Occaquan.

MORE TEXAS FIRES.—Galveston dates of the 31st of July say that the large flouring and lumber mill at Austin was burned on the 26th. Loss, $100,000. The fire was the work of an incendiary. A negro was caught setting fire to a building in Georgetown, and confessed that he was incited by two abolitionists to burn the town.

PRINCE OF WALES.—The heir apparent to the British throne continues to receive the respectful greetings of the warm hearted "Britishers" in Canada. He is everywhere hailed with joy; and proudly and affectionately do the people look upon their future king. The English residents of New York are making arrangements with the Lelands, of the Metropolitan Hotel, for a grand reception and ball in honor of the Prince. It will surpass the great ball recently given to the Japanese Embassy, and the company will be select and elegant.

GEN. SAM HOUSTON.—"The old hero" is fairly in the field and manifests his usual stern decision. In a recent speech he says no earthly power can force him to withdraw. He says he is sure of Texas Gen. Houston writes to his friends in New York that his nomination being an independent movement, he will in no event decline. It is stated that Houston tickets will certainly be run in Georgia, New Jersey, and Maryland. Whether this movement will be followed up in all the other States, there is no evidence as yet, but it will tend still more to embarrass the already divided democracy.

A VOLCANO IN POLK COUNTY, WIS.—One of the strangest phenomena in nature has recently developed itself near the Horse lake, Polk county, Wisconsin. Flames of fire came up through the earth in several localities, and one man's barn has been burned down by it. Strange to say, the fire can only be seen in the day time, the earth in the evening bearing a close resemblance to phosphorus. The air smells as if impregnated with sulphur. The most remarkable feature in the case is the fact that all woolen articles in the houses located near by, take fire, although there is nothing visible to ignite them. Our readers will very likely think this a hoax, but we have the words of several citizens in Polk county for authority.—*Chicago Journal.*

THE DISTANT THUNDER ROLLS!—The *Times'* Washington correspondent refers to rumors of an organized movement in several Southern States for a dissolution of the Union on Keitt's plan, and agents have gone to Europe to ascertain what would be the course of England and France on the establishment of a Southern confederacy. Here are some of the volunteer toasts on the "Fourth" at Felder's Old Field, St. Matthew's parish, South Carolina:—"*The re-opening of the African slave trade.*—It alone will elevate and civilize the poor, benighted African, as much as his nature is susceptible of improvement; it is the only means by which the wonderful resources of the South can be fully developed, and it is the main prop on which rests the maintenance and stability of our cherished Southern institution." "May the American eagle, from his cloud-capped eyrie, soon look down upon two distinct republics—once united, but then peaceably separated, and preserving the memory of their former glorious union." The Mobile *Mercury* indulges in the following language:—"The times are now ripe for the organization of a political movement in the slaveholding States, irrespective, of course, of all old party designations; and there are peculiar reasons why such a movement should be undertaken now and here. Indeed, we are credibly informed that conferences have already been held by leading patriotic gentlemen of this city, of all parties, and the plans of a Southern organization have been set on foot and almost matured, preparatory to action. We earnestly hope the good work may go on, and speedily. The country, we repeat, is ripe for the movement, and if judiciously inaugurated it will sweep over the land with a force that no opposition will be able to check. We therefore caution our friends in the country everywhere to be prepared for it, and keep themselves aloof from all entangling alliances which may hinder them from joining it untrammeled

Advertisements.

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I HAVE [illegible] acres of [illegible] by itself, and [illegible] with a good [illegible] house, which I will exchange for city property, [illegible].

For particulars, apply at the Mountaineer office.

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FRESH ARRIVALS!!

GOODS! GOODS!

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IN GREAT VARIETY, STYLE, AND BEAUTY,

UNSURPASSED BY ANY,

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WALKER BROTHERS',

East Temple Street, G. S. L. City,

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☞ The attention of Country Dealers particularly solicited. tf

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Ogden City.

A HOUSE and Corner LOT for Sale, or to exchange for property in G. S. L. City; also a good Ten Acre Lot. Apply to William Lloyd, of Ogden, or James Hague, of this city. 3t

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WANTED, at Providence, Cache Valley, an A No. 1 BLACKSMITH. Constant business will be insured. 4t S. M. BLAIR.

Providence, Cache Valley,

OFFERS inducements to Artists and Mechanics not excelled in the Territory. Cabinet-makers, Waggon-makers, Wheelwrights, Tanners, Farmers, Tailors, Saddlers, Harness-makers, Machinists, and especially Coopers, Sawyers, Carpenters and Joiners. They would do well to give the place a call, if wanting to commence or set up business.

4t S. M. BLAIR.

WOOL-CARDING.

THE undersigned, having procured to their order a superior Carding Machine, are now prepared to attend to all orders in that line with which they may be favored.

The people of Utah County and elsewhere will please take notice.

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Springville, Utah Co. 38-tf

A. MERRILL, HATTER,

HAS on hand Ladies' Black Beaver Riding HATS, Gents' Otter, Black Felt, & Napped Beaver HATS, and other styles and varieties.

Wanted—Furs, Hay and Grain; Store, Territorial, County and City Orders.

Repairs neatly executed.

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WANTED,

AT my FURNITURE SHOP,

2500 feet 4 by 4 Scantling.

2500 feet 3 by 4 Scantling.

5000 " 2 inch Plank.

2000 " 1½ " "

2500 " 1¼ " "

5000 " 1 " "

Also, a Lot of Red Pine and Quaking Asp Timber for Chairs.

A large quantity of Furniture constantly on hand.

Call and see. 49-tf J. C. LITTLE.

NOTICE.

C. WOODMANSEE requests all persons who have Young Stock in their possession, branded crop off left ear, dove tail in the right ear, and in some cases, in consequence of frost, has the appearance of half crop, to return them to G. Hutchins on Weber river, and they will be liberally rewarded.

C. WOODMANSEE.

G. S. L. City, May 5, 1860. 38-tf

LOOK OUT.

ALL persons indebted to the firm of Amy & Smith (or Dustin Amy, individually), either on note or book account, are hereby notified that all such notes and book accounts have been placed in the hands of W. I. Appleby, Esq., our attorney, for collection and settlement. All such persons are requested to call on him, and settle the same forthwith, and save cost.

AMY & SMITH,

37-tf DUSTIN AMY.

HATTING.

THE subscriber hereby gives notice to the public that he has resumed the above business at his old stand in the 17th Ward, G. S. L City, one block north of Temple Block.

WANTED,

All kinds of furs, for which a liberal price will be paid; also Saxony sheep and lamb's wool, fire wood, &c.

37-tf JOSEPH L. HEYWOOD.

E. G. ERICSEN

BEGS leave to state to his friends and the public in general, that he has removed his

Tailor's Shop,

to the Mechanics' Buildings, on 2d South Street, near the Post Office; at which place he will be most happy to attend to all business in his line.

All who patronize him may expect prompt attention and work of the finest finish. Having been professionally engaged in several of the capitals of Europe, he considers himself capable of executing work in the latest style of fashion.

All kinds of clothing cleaned. Stains, grease-spots, &c., removed; and old garments made to appear nearly equal to new.

Cutting as follows:—Coats, 30c.; Pants, 15c.; Vests, 15c. each. 33-tf

---

EXCHANGE!!

WE have a herd of STOCK, consisting of several hundred head of Milch Cows and Calves, Heifers, two year olds, Mules, California Mares, &c., which we wish to EXCHANGE for GOOD WORK CATTLE.

For particulars apply at our office in the Salt Lake House. MILLER, RUSSELL & CO.

G. S. L. City, July 23, 1860.—49-tf

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

4,000 BUSHELS of Wheat, also Oats, and Barley, for which the highest market price will be paid.

THOMAS BOX.

July 27, 1860. 49-tf.

HOWARD & BOWRING,

MANUFACTURERS OF LEATHER, BOOTS, SHOES,

HARNESS, SADDLES, ETC.,

AT the Old Stand of CUMMINGS & JONES, and also at the SADDLERY adjoining the Post Office, and fronting on Main Street.

Having employed a large number of the most efficient workmen, H. & B. are prepared and determined to give the utmost satisfaction in the quality of all articles manufactured by them as well as in punctuality in filling orders.

A liberal price paid for hides, bark and oil.

All kinds of produce taken in exchange. 50-tf

"Do What is Right."

WM. NIXON

WISHES respectfully to inform his friends and customers that he is still at his old stand and ready to supply them with every article in his line at fair prices.

I would once more call the attention of all parties who

Know Themselves Indebted

to me, to the fact that, in order to pay and continue on in business, I

MUST BE PAID!

for the goods which I accommodated them with when they needed:

AND FURTHER,

Having determined henceforth to buy my GOODS for CASH DOWN, so as to furnish them as

LOW AS THE LOWEST!

READY PAY in cash or grain will be my motto.

I have just received from the East a choice lot of

MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS,

which will be sold VERY CHEAP.

My usual stock of

GROCERIES,

DRY GOODS,

and General Merchandize is as complete as any in the city—and need not be enumerated.

A visit from my Friends is respectfully solicited, at my store, East Temple Street, Great Salt Lake City.

☞ 5000 Bushels of WHEAT wanted.

To my Southern Friends.

I need not remind them of my STORE at FAIRFIELD, CAMP FLOYD, where they can always find as choice a selection of goods as any in the Territory.

Remember——WM. NIXON.

tf

Great Reduction!

THE

PURE POTEEN

CHEAPER THAN EVER

AT

THE TENTH WARD

DISTILLERY.

Wholesale, $2 50; Retail, $3 00.

THE undersigned again returns thanks for the liberal patronage of his friends heretofore, and begs to assure them that he has still on hand at his residence, near the OLD POTTERY, in the 10th Ward, a superior

UNADULTERATED ARTICLE

OF

GRAIN WHISKY,

Also prepared by himself and warranted, a delicious article of

PURE CORDIAL.

The distillery is still under the constant personal superintendence of the proprietor, who holds himself responsible that no deleterious matter is introduced into his liquors either in the distillation or rectifying thereof. His long experience in the business has prepared him to compete with the best professors in the art.

42-tf. GEORGE BADDLEY.

Labor is Wealth--Persevere & Prosper.

D. J. ROSS, SHOEMAKER,

BEGS to inform the public that he has REMOVED his Shop to the Mechanics' Buildings, on 2nd South Street, near the Post Office, where he is on hand to accommodate his customers with whatever they want in his line. Encourage labor and create wealth. All kinds of produce taken as payment. 49-3m

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CHARLES KING,

WAGON AND CARRIAGE MAKER,

CARPENTER AND HOUSE JOINER,

EMIGRATION STREET.

REPAIRS promptly executed. Give me a call. 1-tf

$5 REWARD.

STRAYED, on or about the 7th of July, from the Big Pasture, south of this city, a large brindle OX, branded on the left horn G M; on the right M. BYRENS; G H connected, on the left shoulder; and I think a large H on the left hip. Blind in the left eye, with dewlap cut and hanging down about 4 inches. Whoever will bring said ox to me, or give me any information so that I can get him, will receive the above reward.

ALEXANDER COWAN.

7th Ward, G. S. L. City, Aug. 21. 2t

NEW GOODS

FROM THE EAST.

J. B. KIMBALL & CO.

WOULD respectfully call the attention of their friends and customers to their

LARGE STOCK

OF

GOODS,

Just received from the East, which consists of

STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS

Millinery Goods,

DRESS TRIMMINGS,

HARDWARE,

Boots and Shoes,

QUEENSWARE,

HATS & CAPS,

GOLDEN ERA

COOK STOVES;

A FULL STOCK OF

STAPLE AND FANCY

GROCERIES

All of the above goods we invite the public to examine

Quality and Prices.

tf J. B. KIMBALL & CO.

STAINES, NEEDHAM & CO.

WE, the undersigned, having received from the EASTERN STATES

A CHOICE ASSORTMENT

OF

DRY

GOODS,

GROCERIES,

HARDWARE,

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS,

STATIONERY,

CROCKERY WARE,

And Notions;

And in addition thereto having purchased the entire Stock of Messrs. HOCKADAY & BURR, we are prepared to TRADE for

CASH, CATTLE, WHEAT OR FLOUR,

on reasonable terms.

STAINES, NEEDHAM & CO.

G. S. L. City, Aug. 28, 1860. tf

LOST,

ONE red Durham COW, six years old, end of nigh horn broken off, has been branded J K on the left hip, but brand may be rather dim and scarcely discernable now. Also, one dark brindle COW, seven years old, branded LEO H on the nigh horn. She is also branded with the Church brand. Any person who will bring both, or either of said cows, to me, shall be liberally rewarded. 3t JOHN KAY.

CHARLES KIDGELL,

MANUFACTURING JEWELLER, &c.,

Opposite W Jennings' Store, East Temple Street,

THANKFUL for past favors, respectfully solicits a liberal share of future patronage, which he will endeavor to merit by strict attention, superior workmanship, and reasonable terms. Gold and Silver Chains, Buckles, Rings, &c., &c., always on hand, or made to order. Repairs neatly executed. Wheat, Flour, Cash, &c., taken. 4t

---

WILLIAM JENNINGS

RETURNS thanks to the public generally for the patronage he has received in the BOOT, SHOE, LEATHER and PROVISION BUSINESS, and still solicits a continuation of the same, and begs to state that, in addition to the above he has purchased the

WELL SELECTED STOCK

OF

DRY GOODS

AND

GROCERIES

OF

MESSRS. YOUNG AND IRWIN,

Consisting of the staple articles particularly suited for this market; all of which will be opened at the old stand on the corner, formerly occupied as a meat and provision store.

He most respectfully invites all buyers to come soon and get the choice of the goods, as he intends to observe the famous motto

"Small Profits and Quick Returns."

The Stock comprises in part as follows:—

Merrimack and Sprague Prints,

A large stock of assorted Cotton Yarn,

Denims,

Sheetings,

Flannels,

Linseys,

Broad Cloths,

Sattinetts,

Domestics,

Bed Ticks,

Jeans,

Moleskins,

Cassimeres,

Hickory,

Ladies' Dress Trimmings,

Hats, Caps, and a large and well-assorted Stock of Ready-made Clothing,

Yankee Notions, &c.

ALSO,

Tea,

Sugar,

Coffee,

Pepper,

Apples,

Soaps,

Spices,

Pickles,

Fruits,

Tobacco,

Locks,

Knives,

Spoons,

Axes,

Coffee Mills,

Forks,

Spades,

Shovels,

Nails, &c., &c., and an immense stock of other things too numerous to mention, which will be

SOLD WITHOUT RESERVE FOR CASH.

WM. JENNINGS

Respectfully announces that, in addition to his usual stock of BOOTS and SHOES, he has received a selection of all sizes and sorts of Gentlemen's, Ladies', Youth's and Children's

FINE AND COARSE

BOOTS AND SHOES,

of a superior style and finish, which can well be recommended for strength and wear, and will be sold a little

Lower than can be had elsewhere.

Also, about 1000 SIDES of SOLE LEATHER, just finished, on hand and for sale.

An equal proportion of UPPER, SKIRTING, CALF SKINS, SHEEP SKINS, &c. &c.

Meat and Provisions.

Also—one door south will be carried on, as usual, his former business, where a general assortment of PROVISIONS, such as

Fresh Beef,

Mutton,

Butter,

Eggs,

Cheese,

Bacon,

Hams,

Tongues,

Dried Beef,

&c., &c., can be had.

The selection of which will have the greatest care and attention that will ensure general satisfaction.

A few good BEEF CATTLE and SHEEP WANTED in Exchange. 3t

CLAUDE CLIVE

WOULD respectfully inform his Friends that he yet holds forth at his OLD STAND, EAST TEMPLE STREET.

TAILORING DONE,

AT THE SHORTEST NOTICE. A good supply of heavy CLOTHS, suitable for pants, always on hand.

Buckskin Pants, Coats, &c., made to order. Fall Patterns of the latest fashion.

Cutting done to order. CHARGES REASONABLE. If a fit you would have, call on

1-tf **CLAUDE.**

CACHE VALLEY!

WANTED, at Wellsville, Cache Valley, immediately, two good BLACKSMITHS, at good wages. All the tools and iron necessary already on hand 52-3t IRA AMES.

"Give us the Fruit of our own Hands, and let our own Works praise us in our Gates."

THE undersigned has opened his COMB FACTORY, in the 17th Ward, on Jordan Street, and sells a good article of Coarse and Fine Combs by the dozen and by the piece. I will take every kind of produce in exchange at Tithing Office prices, but will allow for meat 10c. a pound; for hard wood, $10; soft wood, $8 per cord; for home made cloth, $2 50; rolls, 75 cents; woollen yarn, $1 50 a pound, to encourage home manufacture.

51-3m LOUIS BISCHOFF.

BLACKSMITH AND FARRIER.

P. R. ROGERS,

HAVING a good Blacksmith Shop in operation on EAST TEMPLE STREET, east of the Post Office, he is always on hand to accommodate the public generally.

Remember that he took the first and second premiums for horse shoes at the last annual Fair, as will be seen by reference to the "Deseret News."

FARRIERY attended to in all its branches.

☞ He has just received from the East, and offers for sale, 50 good WAGGONS, suitable for either a yoke of oxen or a span of horses. He will take cash, cattle or grain in payment. Apply in time. 52-2t

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WOODMANSEE & BROS.

HAVING recently purchased a NEW and WELL-ASSORTED STOCK of

GOODS,

have them opened and now offered for sale in the House lately occupied by

HORD & DICKSON,

Situated on the East side of East Temple Street, G. S. L. City.

Their Stock consists of a fine assortment of Prints of the latest style, Lawns, Jaconetts, Delaines, Flannels, bleached and unbleached Muslin, Hosiery, Cotton Yarn, Satinettes, Jeans, Cottonades, Cassimeres, Ready-made Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes; Sugar, Tea, Coffee, Tobacco, Soaps, Dye Stuffs, Powder and Lead. Also, a fine assortment of Liquors, including a superior article of Bourbon Whisky, Bottled Brandies, Old Rye, and other liquors, with a variety of Fancy Notions. In fact, a complete assortment of everything suitable to the wants and demands of the Utah market.

TERMS, CASH.

A few yoke of good work oxen would be taken in exchange for our goods.

Give us a call. No trouble to show goods.

49-tf

MRS. STENHOUSE,

MILLINER, DRESS & CLOAK MAKER,

FIRST HOUSE WEST OF TABERNACLE.

LADIES who attend to their own family linen can have SHIRT BOSOMS, COLLARS, and WRIST BANDS finely stitched by a sewing machine of the latest improvement.

Every kind of Needlework executed to order.

Straw Bonnets cleaned and altered to latest fashions. Bonnet shapes always on hand and made to order. 51-tf

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SAVE YOUR PAPER RAGS.

THE inhabitants of Utah are requested to gather up and save their worn out wagon covers, and every description of cotton and linen rags for paper making, and deliver them, from time to time, to the Bishops of the several Wards, or the *News* and MOUNTAINEER Offices or their agents, for which, when clean, they will be allowed five cents a pound. The rags can be sufficiently cleansed in pure water, without soap.

It is expected that, in a few months, all who wish can receive paper in exchange for rags.

EDWARD HUNTER, Presiding Bishop.

37-tf

Fire & Brimstone

A. C. PYPER

TAKES pleasure in presenting to the public a superior article of

HOME-MANUFACTURED

SULPHUR AND BRIMSTONE,

better than any imported from the States. For SALE at Messrs. NIXON, GODDARD, and A. TAYLOR & SON'S STORES, wholesale and retail.

Who will encourage Home Manufacture? 39-tf

E. MARTIN,

CARRIAGE, SIGN, ORNAMENTAL AND HOUSE

PAINTER.

GILDER, &c.

ALL kinds of GRAINING and MARBLING neatly executed.

PUTTY,

Paints, Oil, Varnishes, Japan, &c., &c., for sale by retail.

THE BEST

PAINT SHOP,

IN THE TERRITORY,

In rear of DAFT'S STORE, East Temple Street. 41-tf

GLOBE

BAKERY,

Next door north of Livingston, Bell & Co.'s Store.

RICHARD GOLIGHTLY

BEGS most respectfully to thank his friends and the public generally for past patronage, and solicits an inspection of his present stock of Crackers, &c., of the different kinds of which, viz. Milk Crackers, Butter Crackers, Boston Crackers and Hard Bread, he has a large quantity always on hand, so that [illegible] and others can be supplied with a choice stock of the staff of life, manufactured of the best material, and at moderate prices, at a moment's notice.

FINE LIGHT BREAD.

Hot at [illegible] every day. [illegible] Cakes, [illegible] wine, [illegible] and [illegible] Cakes made to order on short notice.

Rye Bread three times a week. 38-tf

GREAT INDUCEMENTS!!

A LARGE AMOUNT

OF

MERCHANDISE

TO BE

SACRIFICED AT UNPRECEDENTED LOW PRICES.

HAVING opened our Establishment on the "Low Price" and "Live and let live" System, the undersigned would call the attention of the people of Utah Territory to their

Choice and Assorted Stock

OF

DRY GOODS

STAPLE GOODS,

AND

GENERAL

MERCHANDISE,

Which they are determined to SELL

Cheap for Cash.

If it is your intention to save money in your purchases, call and examine our Stock and Prices, before buying elsewhere, and you will soon be convinced of the truth of our assertion.

☞ *We take pleasure, and consider it no trouble, to show our Goods.*

J. CALISHER & CO.,

Next door to Young and Irwin's,

48-tf MAIN STREET.

JORDAN MILLS.

THE Proprietors of the above Mills respectfully beg leave to inform their friends and patrons, that they have thoroughly repaired and fitted up their mill in a manner not surpassed in the Territory. They are now prepared to attend to all business, in their line, entrusted to them.

To our old customers we return our thanks for past favors, and solicit their patronage anew.

31-tf D. R. ALLEN & Co.

PAINTING.

W. V. MORRIS,

HOUSE, SIGN, CARRIAGE, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER.

SHOP—Next door north of George Cronyn's Store, East Temple Street. 15-tf

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BLACKSMITHING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

H. C. JACKSON will be on hand to accommodate his friends and customers at his Old Stand, near BALLO'S HALL, where he hopes, by strict attention to business, to be worthy the patronage of all who want good work done.

Accounts of long standing will be collected without fail. A hint to the wise is sufficient.

12-tf

STILL ON HAND.

OUR customers will still find us at the old Stand, ready to serve them with our fine and cheap

SPRING AND SUMMER

GOODS.

We have a nice lot of

Straw, Tuscan, and Horse Hair

BONNETS,

With suitable

TRIMMINGS,

which we will sell cheap. Also,

Summer Shawls, Light Dress Goods,

and a general variety of

DRY GOODS,

Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, and Ready-Made Clothing.

Come and see us at the

NEW STORE.

ROGERS, SHROPSHIRE & CO.

April 25, 1860 36-tf

DANIEL IN THE LION'S DEN!

Re-established and in Full Operation.

THE HAND IN HAND BAKERY,

WHERE you will find a full Assortment of every variety in the baking line. Come and give me a call. You will also find that I have fitted up a commodious

ICE CREAM SALOON,

where delicious flavored ICE CREAM is served up with neatness and despatch, from 9 a.m. till 11 p.m.

You can also be accommodated, at all reasonable hours, at my

DINING ROOMS,

with Breakfast, Dinner, Supper or Lunch, on reasonable terms.

A company of forty persons can be accommodated at one time with Refreshments, on short notice.

REMEMBER—Mrs. J. Caine's Buildings, East Temple Street, opposite Thomas Box's Store.

DANIEL GRENIG.

P.S.—Please don't forget your change.

51-3t D. G.

BOOT AND SHOE MAKERS WANTED.

I WILL give constant employment to 20 good boot and shoe makers. W. JENNINGS.

44-tf

NEW ARRIVALS

FROM THE EAST,

At Livingston, Bell & Co.'s.

LIVINGSTON, BELL & CO. would respectfully tender thanks to their many friends & patrons for past favors, while they have again to announce the arrival, within a few days, of two trains of 60 Waggons, loaded with a very large and superior selection of

NEW GOODS.

FURTHER REDUCTIONS IN PRICES

May be expected on many items independent of the supply or demand in market. We invite an early call to examine our stock.

A full assortment of [illegible] as well as [illegible] at our store in CAMP FLOYD, [illegible] Salt Lake City, [illegible]

[illegible] hundred of [illegible] work Oxen also for sale.

48-tf LIVINGSTON, BELL & CO.

JOHN KAY,

SURGEON DENTIST.

OFFICE—East Temple Street, at Residence.

1-tf

W. F. ANDERSON, M.D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

☞ OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, 13th WARD opposite City Brewery. 6-tf

---

D. RICHARDSON, M.D.,

N. E. corner of West Temple, and 2nd South Sts.

I WILL wait upon all persons, in pursuit of health, who may favor me with a call. I keep constantly on hand a choice selection of medicine of the best quality for my practice; also Richardson's Concentrated Physical Jaundice Bitters, and Family Pills. They have no equal for the bilious attacks peculiar to this climate. They are put up by me, fresh every month. Every family in the country should keep on hand this valuable medicine, which is ready for use when needed; have these instead of the cheap, useless preparations that are palmed off on Utah, which have been put up twenty years ago.

Trusses, Abdominal and Uterine Supporters, and other instruments, on an improved plan, for the cure of Prolapsus Uteri (falling down of the womb). Persons troubled with these weaknesses, will find it to their advantage to consult DR. RICHARDSON.

Cash, wheat, flour, butter, eggs, &c., taken in exchange. Don't forget to bring it along.

37-tf.

DENTAL ART.

THE undersigned has received an assortment of Stocton's celebrated Mineral TEETH, with Gums; also, American and English TEETH, without Gums. He is now prepared to accommodate such as may call on him, with from one to a full set on Gold Plates.

JAS. M. BARLOW,

Clock and Watch Maker,

First house east of the Deseret Store,

4-tf G. S. L. City.

NEW SADDLER'S SHOP.

A. CUMMING, SADDLER AND HARNESS MAKER,

ON East Temple Street, next door south of Gilbert and Gerrish's. Orders executed promptly and satisfactorily. Collars carefully fitted. Give me a call. 33-tf

---

GET YOUR MONEY BACK.

THE undersigned have opened a NEW STORE, in

FARMINGTON, DAVIS COUNTY,

WHERE THEY ARE SELLING

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES,

Queensware, Hardware, Boots, Shoes, Hats, and Ready Made Clothing,

CHEAP FOR CASH.

JUDSON L. STODDARD,

THOMAS S. SMITH,

LEONARD G. RICE.

Farmington, Davis Co. 10-tf

JAMES HAGUE,

GUN AND LOCK SMITH.

[SHOP IN EAST TEMPLE STREET.]

RIFLES, Shot Guns, Revolving Pistols, &c., carefully cleaned, repaired and put in order.

Mexican Spurs made to order and always on hand.

☞ Call and see me. 1-tf

SELLING AT COST WITHOUT FREIGHT!

WILLIAM DERR

RESPECTFULLY informs the inhabitants of Utah that he has commenced manufacturing COMBS, at his Residence, one block south of Union Square, 16th Ward. If you want fine, coarse, or fancy dressing Combs, now is your time. He will take in exchange grain, flour, corn, &c., at Tithing prices. Cash will be taken at par. 10-tf

---

WM. S. GODBE

KEEPS constantly on hand a choice selection of

DRUGS,

MEDICINES,

AND

CHEMICALS,

of the best quality.

A full assortment of the well-known

GRAEFENBERG FAMILY REMEDIES,

the extraordinary efficacy of which has been so abundantly tested in this Territory.

A great variety of

Patent Medicines, Fancy Soaps, Oils, Perfumeries, Combs, Brushes, &c.

Indigo, Extract Logwood, Madder and other Dye Stuffs.

Nipple Glasses, Breast Pipes, Nursing Bottles, Syringes, Trusses, Shoulder Braces, and Female Abdominal Supporters,

Of the best styles.

Fresh Baled Cultivated HOPS.

☞ Prescriptions carefully filled.

All kinds of Grain taken in payment.

BREWERY.

I can now offer the public an article of

Ale and Beer

that will compare favorably with any in the world.

WM. S. GODBE.

One door south of Drug Store, Main Street.

38-tf

Fashionable Tailoring

ESTABLISHMENT.

TERRELL & [illegible]

BEG respectfully to inform the [illegible] of this city that they [illegible] at their Old Stand, [illegible] GEORGE GODDARD'S, [illegible]

[illegible] CLOTHING always on hand.

Cutting done. Terms reasonable. 48-tf

BL
Folio
AN45
S35